Claims

1. α -1-Phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (I):

[F1]

or a salt thereof.

2. A method for stereoselectively producing $\alpha\text{-l-}$ phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (I):

[F5]

which method comprises hydrolyzing a 2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinose derivative represented by formula (III):
[F2]

$$R^{1}O$$
 F
 (III)

(wherein R^1 represents a hydroxyl-protective group, and X

represents a leaving group), thereby stereoselectively yielding an α -1-hydroxyl isomer represented by formula (IV): [F3]

$$R^{10}$$
 F (IV)

(wherein R^1 has the same meaning as defined above); phosphorylating the compound of formula (IV), thereby forming an α -1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside derivative represented by formula (V): [F4]

(wherein R^1 has the same meaning as defined above, and R^2 represents a hydrogen atom or a phosphate-protective group); and subsequently removing the hydroxyl-protective group(s) and/or the phosphate-protective group(s).

3. A method for producing a mixture of α - and β -isomers of 1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (V!): [F8]

which method comprises phosphorylating, in the presence of a strong acid salt, a 2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinose derivative represented by formula (III):

[F6]

$$R^{10}$$
 F
 (III)

(wherein R^1 represents a hydroxyl-protective group, and X represents a leaving group), thereby yielding a mixture of α - and β -isomers of a 1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside derivative represented by formula (V): [F7]

(wherein R^1 has the same meaning as defined above, and R^2 represents a hydrogen atom or a phosphate-protective group); and subsequently removing the hydroxyl-protective group(s) and/or the phosphate-protective group(s).

4. A production method according to claim 3, wherein the strong acid salt employed generates a halide ion or a

nitrate ion.

5. A method for producing 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro- β -D-arabinonucleoside represented by formula (II): [F11]

(wherein B represents a base), which method comprises causing a nucleoside phosphorylase to act on α -1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (I): [F9]

or a mixture of $\alpha-$ and $\beta-$ isomers of 1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (V'): [F10]

and on a base.

6. A production method according to claim 5, wherein the base is a purine base, or a purine base having a substituent selected from among a halogen atom, an alkyl

group, a haloalkyl group, an alkenyl group, a haloalkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an amino group, an alkylamino group, a hydroxyl group, a hydroxyamino group, an aminooxy group, an alkoxy group, a mercapto group, an alkylmercapto group, an aryl group, an aryloxy group, and a cyano group.

- 7. A production method according to claim 5 or 6, wherein the nucleoside phosphorylase is purine nucleoside phosphorylase.
- 8. A method for producing 9-(2-fluoro- β -D-arabinosyl)guanine represented by formula (VII): [F15]

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & &$$

which method comprises causing a nucleoside phosphorylase to act on α -1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (I):

[F12]

$$HO$$
 O OPO_3H_2 OPO_3H_2

or a mixture of $\alpha\text{--}$ and $\beta\text{--}\text{isomers}$ of 1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-

2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (V'):

[F13]

HO O OPO₃H₂
HO
$$F$$
 (V')

and on a 2-amino-6-substituted purine, thereby yielding 2-amino-6-substituted-9-(2-fluoro- β -D-arabinosyl)purine represented by formula (VI):

[F14]

(wherein Y represents a substituent); and treating the thusobtained purine nucleoside with a hydrolase.

- 9. A production method according to claim 8, wherein the 2-amino-6-substituted-purine is 2,6-diaminopurine.
- 10. A production method according to claim 8 or 9, wherein the hydrolase is deaminase.
- 11. A method for producing 9-(2-fluoro- β -D-arabinosyl)guanine represented by formula (VII): [F18]

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ HN \\ N \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ N \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ N \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

which method comprises causing a nucleoside phosphorylase and a nucleosidase to act on α -1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (I): [F16]

$$HO \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow OPO_3H_2$$
 $HO \longrightarrow F \longrightarrow OPO_3H_2$

or a mixture of $\alpha-$ and $\beta-$ isomers of 1-phosphorylated-2-deoxy-2-fluoroarabinoside represented by formula (V'):

[F17]

and on guanosine 5'-monophosphate.

- 12. A production method according to claim 11, wherein the nucleoside phosphorylase is purine nucleoside phosphorylase.
- 13. A production method according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the nucleosidase is inosinate nucleosidase.